

1. (Previously presented) A method for ensuring client access to unpaired messages from a database management system (DBMS) server, comprising:

the DBMS server determining that a transaction response message is in response to a communication disruption between a client and the DBMS server, the DBMS server storing the unpaired message in an unpaired message queue, the unpaired message corresponding to a specific client, the transaction response message associated with a transaction request;

creating the unpaired message queue in a DBMS server separate from a paired message queue in response to determining a transaction response message is an unpaired message, the unpaired message queue configured to store a plurality of unpaired messages intended for the client, the unpaired message queue and paired message queue storing messages according to a First-In-First-Out protocol; and

communicating transaction requests and transaction responses using an Open Transaction Manager Access (OTMA) protocol which allows the client to request at least one unpaired message stored in the unpaired message queue.

2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the DBMS server dynamically creating the unpaired message queue in response to the DBMS server detecting at least one unpaired message.
3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising notifying the DBMS server of a client request to enable dynamic creation of the unpaired message queue.

4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 3, wherein notifying the DBMS server occurs during establishment of communications between the client and the DBMS server.
5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising the DBMS server notifying the client when the unpaired message queue contains an unpaired message.
6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: generating a request message to be sent from the client to the DBMS server; and storing an indicator in the request message to enable the client to distinguish between unpaired messages.
7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein utilizing the protocol further comprises allowing the client to request automatic transmission of unpaired messages stored in the unpaired message queue.

8.-20. Canceled.